

BHP Billiton Canada Inc.

Operator of the EKATI Diamond Mine

BHP Billiton #1102 4920-52nd Street Yellowknife NT Canada X1A 3T1 Tel 867 669 9292 Fax 867 669 9293 bhpbilliton.com

8 November, 2011

Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada South Mackenzie District Field Office 140 Bristol Avenue #16 Yellowknife Airport Yellowknife, NT X1A 3T2

Attention: Jason Brennan

Resource Management Officer III

RE: 2011 Pumping Summary for King Pond

Dear Mr. Brennan:

This letter provides the summary of pumping activities for King Pond for the 2011 season.

The information includes:

- a) measured flow rates;
- b) erosional issues encountered and mitigative actions taken (if required);
- c) results of water quality monitoring; and
- d) a summary of impacts to the environment.

Pre-discharge water samples were collected from King Pond on 16 August 2011 and submitted to ALS Laboratories for analysis of the pre-approval suite of parameters. Approval was granted on 29 August 2011 and pumping commenced on 30 August 2011.

Pumping from King Pond to Cujo Lake continued until 10 September 2011. During the pumping, discharge samples were collected on 30 August and 10 September 2011. The pump ran continuously between 30 August 2011 and 10 September 2011.

The final elevation of King Pond on 10 September 2011 was 443.80 meters above sea level (masl).

Pumping Summary

A summary of the pumping rate, volume and discharge conditions is found below:

| Inspection Date | Flow Rate (m³/hr) | Water Volume (m³) | Discharge Observations | Leaks/ Spills Y/N | Description of any leaks/spills | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 31-Aug-11 | 1024 | 29,031 | Clear, no erosion | Υ | Small Leak approximately 5 m upflow of meter at pipe joint | | | | | |
| 1-Sep-11 | 1054 | 52,746 | Clear, no erosion | Υ | Small Leak approximately 5 m upflow of meter at pipe joint | | | | | |
| 2-Sep-11 | 1043 | 74,306 | Clear, no erosion | Υ | Small Leak approximately 5 m upflow of meter at pipe joint | | | | | |
| 3-Sep-11 | 1024 | 95,889 | Clear, no erosion | Υ | Light spray before meter | | | | | |
| 4-Sep-11 | 1020 | 112,753 | Clear, no erosion | Υ | Light spray before meter | | | | | |
| 5-Sep-11 | 1016 | 143,432 | Clear, no erosion | N | NA | | | | | |
| 6-Sep-11 | 1000 | 167,778 | Clear, no erosion | Ν | NA | | | | | |
| 7-Sep-11 | 994 | 191,546 | Clear, no erosion | N | NA | | | | | |
| 8-Sep-11 | 988 | 213,180 | Clear, no erosion | N | NA | | | | | |
| 9-Sep-11 | 969 | 235,463 | Clear, no erosion | N | NA | | | | | |
| 10-Sep-11 | 0 | 265,463* | Not pumping | N | NA | | | | | |
| | Total Volume Pumped 265,463 m ³ | | | | | | | | | |

Note: * indicates calculated water volume based on the flow rate and run time

Water Quality Monitoring

Results from the pre-approval and discharge samples indicate there were no impacts on the receiving environment during the pumping interval, as the water samples were below the Water Licence discharge criteria.

Water sampling results are summarized in the table below with laboratory Certificates of Analysis (COAs) attached.

| Collect Date | | 16-AUG-11 | 30-AUG-11 | 10-SEP-11 | W2000L2 | 001 Criteria |
|---------------------------------|---------|--------------|------------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| Sample No. | | L1046941-1 | L1054854-1 | L1058120-1 | VVZ009LZ- | oo i Cillella |
| Sample Type | | Pre-Approval | Discharge | Discharge | Grab | Average |
| Air Temperature | Deg C | 9.6 | 12.1 | 10.4 | | |
| Weather | | Rain | Sunny | Cloudy | | |
| Wind Direction | Degrees | 90 | 9 | 300 | | |
| Wind Speed | km/h | 37 | 32 | 39 | | |
| Field pH | рН | 7.61 | 7.74 | 8.24 | | |
| Field Conductivity | uS/cm | 682 | 369.5 | 405.6 | | |
| Field Temperature | Deg C | 7.61 | 11.3 | 9.77 | | |
| Hardness (as CaCO3) | mg/L | 81.7 | 153 | 166 | | |
| рН | pН | 7.68 | 7.69 | 7.83 | 6.0 - 9.0 | 6.0 - 9.0 |
| Conductibity | uS/cm | 214 | 372 | 400 | | |
| Total Suspended Solids | mg/L | <3.0 | 6.2 | <3.0 | 25 | 15 |
| Turbidity | NTU | 0.80 | 2.01 | 0.88 | | |
| Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3) | mg/L | 27.3 | 33.3 | 33.9 | | |
| Ammonia (as N) | mg/L | 0.0110 | 0.0217 | 0.0105 | 4 | 2 |
| Chloride (Cl) | mg/L | 4.21 | 7.00 | 7.71 | | |
| Nitrate and Nitrite (as N) | mg/L | 0.0284 | 0.567 | 0.605 | | |
| Nitrate (as N) | mg/L | 0.0284 | 0.561 | 0.601 | | |
| Nitrite (as N) | mg/L | <0.0010 | 0.0052 | 0.0036 | | |
| Orthophosphate-Dissolved (as P) | mg/L | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | | |
| Phosphorus (P)-Total | mg/L | 0.0111 | 0.0130 | 0.0083 | | |
| Sulfate (SO4) | mg/L | 63.6 | 133 | 145 | | |
| Total Carbon | mg/L | 10.4 | 11.7 | 11.2 | | |
| Total Organic Carbon | mg/L | 5.94 | 5.75 | 5.27 | | |
| Aluminum (AI)-Total | mg/L | 0.0075 | 0.148 | 0.0291 | 2 | 1 |
| Antimony (Sb)-Total | mg/L | 0.00011 | 0.00020 | 0.00022 | | |
| Arsenic (As)-Total | mg/L | 0.00089 | 0.00116 | 0.00113 | 1 | 0.5 |
| Barium (Ba)-Total | mg/L | 0.0129 | 0.0254 | 0.0250 | | |
| Beryllium (Be)-Total | mg/L | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | | |
| Bismuth (Bi)-Total | mg/L | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| Boron (B)-Total | mg/L | 0.014 | 0.016 | 0.018 | | |
| Cadmium (Cd)-Total | mg/L | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | 0.000011 | | |
| Calcium (Ca)-Total | mg/L | 11.5 | 22.3 | 23.8 | | |
| Chromium (Cr)-Total | mg/L | <0.00050 | 0.00066 | <0.00050 | | |
| Cobalt (Co)-Total | mg/L | 0.00015 | 0.00029 | 0.00020 | | |

| Collect Date | | 16-AUG-11 | 30-AUG-11 | 10-SEP-11 | W2000L2 | 004 Critorio |
|-----------------------|------|--------------|------------|------------|----------|--------------|
| Sample No. | | L1046941-1 | L1054854-1 | L1058120-1 | WZ009LZ- | 001 Criteria |
| Sample Type | | Pre-Approval | Discharge | Discharge | Grab | Average |
| Copper (Cu)-Total | mg/L | 0.00072 | 0.00093 | 0.00250 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Iron (Fe)-Total | mg/L | 0.124 | 0.272 | 0.141 | | |
| Lead (Pb)-Total | mg/L | 0.000097 | 0.000054 | 0.000145 | | |
| Lithium (Li)-Total | mg/L | 0.00704 | 0.0124 | 0.0102 | | |
| Magnesium (Mg)-Total | mg/L | 12.8 | 23.6 | 26.0 | | |
| Manganese (Mn)-Total | mg/L | 0.00964 | 0.0156 | 0.0171 | | |
| Molybdenum (Mo)-Total | mg/L | 0.00840 | 0.0204 | 0.0216 | | |
| Nickel (Ni)-Total | mg/L | 0.00266 | 0.00534 | 0.00518 | 0.3 | 0.15 |
| Phosphorus (P)-Total | mg/L | <0.30 | NS | NS | | |
| Potassium (K)-Total | mg/L | 7.2 | 11.9 | 14.1 | | |
| Selenium (Se)-Total | mg/L | 0.00011 | 0.00053 | 0.00081 | | |
| Silicon (Si)-Total | mg/L | 0.137 | 0.930 | 0.32 | | |
| Silver (Ag)-Total | mg/L | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | | |
| Sodium (Na)-Total | mg/L | 5.5 | 7.7 | 9.2 | | |
| Strontium (Sr)-Total | mg/L | 0.130 | 0.248 | 0.302 | | |
| Thallium (TI)-Total | mg/L | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | | |
| Tin (Sn)-Total | mg/L | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | 0.0351 | | |
| Titanium (Ti)-Total | mg/L | <0.010 | 0.013 | <0.020 | | |
| Uranium (U)-Total | mg/L | 0.000890 | 0.00498 | 0.00476 | | |
| Vanadium (V)-Total | mg/L | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | | |
| Zinc (Zn)-Total | mg/L | < 0.0030 | <0.0030 | 0.0034 | | |
| BOD | mg/L | <5.0 | NS | NS | - | 40 |
| Oil and Grease | mg/L | NS | <5.0 | <5.0 | | |
| Benzene | mg/L | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| Ethylbenzene | mg/L | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| Styrene | mg/L | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| Toluene | mg/L | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| ortho-Xylene | mg/L | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| meta- & para-Xylene | mg/L | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| Xylenes | mg/L | <0.00075 | <0.00075 | <0.00075 | | |
| TVH (C5-C10) | mg/L | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | | |
| TEH10-30 | mg/L | <0.15 | <0.15 | <0.15 | | |
| TPH5-30 | mg/L | <0.25 | <0.25 | <0.25 | 5 | 3 |
| Diethylene Glycol | mg/L | | <5.0 | <5.0 | | |
| Ethylene Glycol | mg/L | | <5.0 | <5.0 | | |
| 1,2-Propylene Glycol | mg/L | | <5.0 | <5.0 | | |

Note: NS - not sampled

King Pond Pumping Summary 2011 BHP Billiton Canada Inc. 8 November 2011

We trust the information meets with your requirements at this time. Please contact the undersigned at 867-880-2232 should there be any questions or concerns with this matter.

Yours truly,

BHP Billiton Canada Inc.

FOR

Keith McLean Environment Superintendent - Operations EKATI Diamond Mine

cc: Bruce Hanna – Department of Fisheries and Oceans

Ryan Fequet - Wek'`eezhii Land and Water Board

Attached: Laboratory Certificates of Analysis



BHP BILLITON CANADA INC..

ATTN: David G. Bruce / Richard Ehlert David

1102 - 4920 52nd Street Yellowknife NT X1A 3T1 Date Received: 18-AUG-11

Report Date: 29-AUG-11 20:43 (MT)

Version: FINAL

Client Phone: 867-880-2157

Certificate of Analysis

Lab Work Order #: L1046941

Project P.O. #: BHP2001 Job Reference: 68606

C of C Numbers:

Legal Site Desc: 6200801716

Comments:

- The vials for BETX/VH analysis for the sample ALS identify as L1046941-2 were half full. BETX/VH are volatile hydrocarbons which could be lost via volatilization in a half full vial. This should be considered when reviewing the data.

Can Dang

Senior Account Manager

[This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written authority of the Laboratory.]

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ALS CANADA LTD Part of the ALS Group A Campbell Brothers Limited Company



ALS ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYTICAL REPORT

29-AUG-11 20:43 (MT) Version: FINAL

| | Sample ID Description Sampled Date Sampled Time Client ID | L1046941-1 WATER 16-AUG-11 (10:45 (1616- 43_APPROVAL) | L1046941-2 WATER 16-AUG-11 10:50 1616-121 | L1046941-3 WATER 16-AUG-11 10:53 1616-494 | L1046941-4 WATER 16-AUG-11 10:54 1616-343 | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| Grouping | Analyte | | | | | |
| WATER | | | | | | |
| Physical Tests | Conductivity (uS/cm) | 214 | 2.5 | <2.0 | 213 | |
| | Hardness (as CaCO3) (mg/L) | 81.7 | <0.50 | <0.50 | 83.4 | |
| | pH (pH) | 7.68 | 5.21 | 5.68 | 7.85 | |
| | Total Suspended Solids (mg/L) | <3.0 | <3.0 | <3.0 | 3.1 | |
| | Turbidity (NTU) | 0.80 | 0.12 | <0.10 | 1.15 | |
| Anions and Nutrients | Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3) (mg/L) | 27.3 | <2.0 | <2.0 | 26.5 | |
| | Ammonia (as N) (mg/L) | 0.0110 | 0.0145 | 0.166 | 0.0138 | |
| | Chloride (CI) (mg/L) | 4.21 | <0.50 | <0.50 | 4.20 | |
| | Nitrate and Nitrite (as N) (mg/L) | 0.0284 | <0.0051 | <0.0051 | 0.0304 | |
| | Nitrate (as N) (mg/L) | 0.0284 | <0.0050 | <0.0050 | 0.0304 | |
| | Nitrite (as N) (mg/L) | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | |
| | Orthophosphate-Dissolved (as P) (mg/L) | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | |
| | Phosphorus (P)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0111 | <0.0020 | <0.0020 | 0.0202 | |
| | Sulfate (SO4) (mg/L) | 63.6 | 0.54 | <0.50 | 63.6 | |
| Organic / Inorganic Carbon | Total Carbon (mg/L) | 10.4 | <0.50 | <0.50 | 10.6 | |
| | Total Organic Carbon (mg/L) | 5.94 | <0.50 | <0.50 | 5.51 | |
| Total Metals | Aluminum (Al)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0075 | <0.0030 | <0.0030 | 0.0571 | |
| | Antimony (Sb)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00011 | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | |
| | Arsenic (As)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00089 | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | 0.00093 | |
| | Barium (Ba)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0129 | <0.000050 | <0.000050 | 0.0142 | |
| | Beryllium (Be)-Total (mg/L) | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | |
| | Bismuth (Bi)-Total (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | |
| | Boron (B)-Total (mg/L) | 0.014 | <0.010 | <0.010 | 0.012 | |
| | Cadmium (Cd)-Total (mg/L) | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | |
| | Calcium (Ca)-Total (mg/L) | 11.5 | <0.050 | <0.050 | 11.7 | |
| | Chromium (Cr)-Total (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | |
| | Cobalt (Co)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00015 | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | 0.00023 | |
| | Copper (Cu)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00072 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | 0.00081 | |
| | Iron (Fe)-Total (mg/L) | 0.124 | <0.030 | <0.030 | 0.203 | |
| | Lead (Pb)-Total (mg/L) | 0.000097 | <0.000050 | <0.000050 | 0.000068 | |
| | Lithium (Li)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00704 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | 0.00627 | |
| | Magnesium (Mg)-Total (mg/L) | 12.8 | <0.10 | <0.10 | 13.2 | |
| | Manganese (Mn)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00964 | <0.000050 | <0.000050 | 0.0150 | |
| | Molybdenum (Mo)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00840 | <0.000050 | <0.000050 | 0.00746 | |
| | Nickel (Ni)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00266 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | 0.00316 | |
| | Phosphorus (P)-Total (mg/L) | <0.30 | <0.30 | <0.30 | <0.30 | |

L1046941 CONTD....

PAGE 3 of 6 29-AUG-11 20:43 (MT)

Version: FINAL

| ALS | ENVIRONMENTAL | ANALYTICAL | REPORT |
|-----|---------------|------------|--------|
| ALS | ENVIRONMENTAL | ANALTHCAL | KEPUKI |

| | Sample ID Description Sampled Date Sampled Time Client ID | L1046941-1 WATER (16-AUG-11) (10:45) (1616- (43_APPROVAL) | L1046941-2 WATER 16-AUG-11 10:50 1616-121 | L1046941-3 WATER 16-AUG-11 10:53 1616-494 | L1046941-4 WATER 16-AUG-11 10:54 1616-343 | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| Grouping | Analyte | | | | | |
| WATER | | | | | | |
| Total Metals | Potassium (K)-Total (mg/L) | 7.2 | <2.0 | <2.0 | 7.5 | |
| | Selenium (Se)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00011 | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | 0.00012 | |
| | Silicon (Si)-Total (mg/L) | 0.137 | <0.050 | <0.050 | 0.265 | |
| | Silver (Ag)-Total (mg/L) | <0.00010 | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | |
| | Sodium (Na)-Total (mg/L) | 5.5 | <2.0 | <2.0 | 5.7 | |
| | Strontium (Sr)-Total (mg/L) | 0.130 | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | 0.115 | |
| | Thallium (TI)-Total (mg/L) | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | |
| | Tin (Sn)-Total (mg/L) | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | |
| | Titanium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) | <0.010 | <0.010 | <0.010 | <0.010 | |
| | Uranium (U)-Total (mg/L) | 0.000890 | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | 0.000828 | |
| | Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | |
| | Zinc (Zn)-Total (mg/L) | <0.0030 | <0.0030 | <0.0030 | <0.0030 | |
| Aggregate Organics | BOD (mg/L) | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | Benzene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | |
| | Ethylbenzene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | |
| | Styrene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | |
| | Toluene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | |
| | ortho-Xylene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | |
| | meta- & para-Xylene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | |
| | Xylenes (mg/L) | <0.00075 | <0.00075 | <0.00075 | <0.00075 | |
| | Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS) (%) | 106 | 101 | 101 | 97 | |
| | Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) | 101 | 100 | 101 | 100 | |
| Hydrocarbons | TVH (C5-C10) (mg/L) | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | |
| | TEH10-30 (mg/L) | <0.15 | <0.15 | <0.15 | <0.15 | |
| | TPH5-30 (mg/L) | <0.25 | <0.25 | <0.25 | <0.25 | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

PAGE 4 of 6 29-AUG-11 20:43 (MT)

L1046941 CONTD....

Version: FINΔI

Test Method References:

ALS Test Code Matrix Method Reference** **Test Description ALK-COL-VA** Water Alkalinity by Colourimetric (Automated) **APHA 310.2**

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 310.2 "Alkalinity". Total Alkalinity is determined using the methyl orange colourimetric method.

ANIONS-CL-IC-VA Water Chloride by Ion Chromatography APHA 4110 B

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4110 B. "Ion Chromatography with Chemical Suppression of Eluent Conductivity" and EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography"

ANIONS-N+N-CALC-VA Water Nitrite & Nitrate in Water (Calculation) EPA 300.0 Nitrate and Nitrite (as N) is a calculated parameter. Nitrate and Nitrite (as N) = Nitrite (as N) + Nitrate (as N).

ANIONS-NO2-IC-VA Water Nitrite in Water by Ion Chromatography

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography". Nitrite is detected by UV absorbance.

ANIONS-NO3-IC-VA Water Nitrate in Water by Ion Chromatography EPA 300.0

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography". Nitrate is detected by UV absorbance.

APHA 4110 B. ANIONS-SO4-IC-VA Water Sulfate by Ion Chromatography

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4110 B. "Ion Chromatography with Chemical Suppression of Eluent Conductivity" and EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography".

Total Arsenic in Water by CRC ICPMS APHA 3030 B&E / EPA SW-846 6020A

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using hotblock, or filtration (APHA 3030B&E). Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modifed from EPA Method 6020A).

BOD5-VA Water Biochemical Oxygen Demand- 5 day APHA 5210 B- "BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND"

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5210 B - "Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)". All forms of biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) are determined by diluting and incubating a sample for a specified time period, and measuring the oxygen depletion using a dissolved oxygen meter. Dissolved BOD (SOLUBLE) is determined by filtering the sample through a glass fibre filter prior to dilution. Carbonaceous BOD (CBOD) is determined by adding a nitrification inhibitor to the diluted sample prior to incubation.

APHA 5210 B- BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND **BOD5-VA** Biochemical Oxygen Demand- 5 day

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5210 B - "Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)". All forms of biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) are determined by diluting and incubating a sample for a specified time period, and measuring the oxygen depletion using a dissolved oxygen meter. Dissolved BOD (SOLUBLE) is determined by filtering the sample through a glass fibre filter prior to dilution. Carbonaceous BOD (CBOD) is determined by adding a nitrification inhibitor to the diluted sample prior to incubation.

CARBONS-TC-VA Total carbon by combustion Water APHA 5310 TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5310 "Total Organic Carbon (TOC)".

CARBONS-TOC-VA Water Total organic carbon by combustion APHA 5310 TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5310 "Total Organic Carbon (TOC)".

EC-PCT-VA Water Conductivity (Automated) APHA 2510 Auto. Conduc.

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2510 "Conductivity". Conductivity is determined using a conductivity electrode.

BCMOE EPH GCFID EPH-LL-SF-FID-VA EPH in Waters by GCFID

This analysis is carried out in accordance with the British Columbia Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks (BCMELP) Analytical Method for Contaminated Sites "Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Water by GC/FID" (Version 2.1, July 1999). The procedure involves extraction of the entire water sample with dichloromethane. The extract is then solvent exchanged to toluene and analysed by capillary column gas chromatography with flame ionization detection (GC/FID). EPH results include Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) and are therefore not equivalent to Light and Heavy Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (LEPH/HEPH).

HARDNESS-CALC-VA Water

Hardness (also known as Total Hardness) is calculated from the sum of Calcium and Magnesium concentrations, expressed in CaCO3 equivalents. Dissolved Calcium and Magnesium concentrations are preferentially used for the hardness calculation.

MET-T-CCMS-VA Total Metals in Water by CRC ICPMS Water APHA 3030 B&F / FPA SW-846 6020A

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using hotblock, or filtration (APHA 3030B&E). Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020A).

MET-TOT-ICP-VA Water Total Metals in Water by ICPOES FPA SW-846 3005A/6010B

L1046941 CONTD....

PAGE 5 of 6

29-AUG-11 20:43 (MT)

Version: FINAL

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using either hotblock or microwave oven (EPA Method 3005A). Instrumental analysis is by inductively coupled plasma - optical emission spectrophotometry (EPA Method 6010B).

NH3-F-VA

Water

Ammonia in Water by Fluorescence

J. ENVIRON. MONIT., 2005, 7, 37-42, RSC

This analysis is carried out, on sulfuric acid preserved samples, using procedures modified from J. Environ. Monit., 2005, 7, 37 - 42, The Royal Society of Chemistry, "Flow-injection analysis with fluorescence detection for the determination of trace levels of ammonium in seawater", Roslyn J. Waston et al.

P-T-COL-VA

Water

Total P in Water by Colour

APHA 4500-P Phosphorous

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P "Phosphorus". Total Phosphorous is determined colourimetrically after persulphate digestion of the sample.

PH-PCT-VA

Water

pH by Meter (Automated)

APHA 4500-H "pH Value"

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-H "pH Value". The pH is determined in the laboratory using a pH electrode

It is recommended that this analysis be conducted in the field.

PH-PCT-VA

Water

pH by Meter (Automated)

APHA 4500-H pH Value

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-H "pH Value". The pH is determined in the laboratory using a pH electrode

It is recommended that this analysis be conducted in the field.

PO4-DO-COL-VA

Water

Diss. Orthophosphate in Water by Colour

APHA 4500-P Phosphorous

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P "Phosphorus". Dissolved Orthophosphate is determined colourimetrically on a sample that has been lab or field filtered through a 0.45 micron membrane filter.

SE-T-CCMS-VA

Water

Total Selenium in Water by CRC ICPMS

APHA 3030 B&E / EPA SW-846 6020A

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using hotblock, or filtration (APHA 3030B&E). Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020A).

TSS-VA

Water

Total Suspended Solids by Gravimetric

APHA 2540 D - GRAVIMETRIC

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2540 "Solids". Solids are determined gravimetrically. Total Suspended Solids (TSS) are determined by filtering a sample through a glass fibre filter, TSS is determined by drying the filter at 104 degrees celsius.

TURBIDITY-VA

Water

Turbidity by Meter

APHA 2130 "Turbidity"

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2130 "Turbidity". Turbidity is determined by the nephelometric method.

TURBIDITY-VA

Water

Turbidity by Meter

APHA 2130 Turbidity

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2130 "Turbidity". Turbidity is determined by the nephelometric method.

TVH-HSFID-VA

Water

TVH by headspace GCFID

EPA 8260B, BCMELP CSR METHOD

This procedure involves the headspace extraction of the sample prior to analysis for Volatile Hydrocarbons (VH) by capillary column gas chromatography with flame-ionization detection (GC/FID). The VH analysis is carried out in accordance with the British Columbia Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks (BCMELP) Analytical Method for Contaminated Sites "Volatile Hydrocarbons in Water by GC/FID" (Version 2.1, July 1999).

VOC7-HSMS-VA

Water

BTEX/MTBE/Styrene by Headspace GCMS

EPA8260B, 5021

The water sample, with added reagents, is heated in a sealed vial to equilibrium. The headspace from the vial is transferred into a gas chromatograph. Target compound concentrations are measured using mass spectrometry detection.

VOC7/VOC-SURR-MS-VA

Water

VOC7 and/or VOC Surrogates for Waters

EPA8260B, 5021

XYLENES-CALC-VA Water Sum of Xylene Isomer Concentrations

CALCULATION

Calculation of Total Xylenes

Total Xylenes is the sum of the concentrations of the ortho, meta, and para Xylene isomers. Results below detection limit (DL) are treated as zero. The DL for Total Xylenes is set to a value no less than the square root of the sum of the squares of the DLs of the individual Xylenes.

** ALS test methods may incorporate modifications from specified reference methods to improve performance.

The last two letters of the above test code(s) indicate the laboratory that performed analytical analysis for that test. Refer to the list below:

Laboratory Definition Code L

Laboratory Location

L1046941 CONTD....

PAGE 6 of 6

29-AUG-11 20:43 (MT)

Version: FINAL

ALS ENVIRONMENTAL - VANCOUVER, BC, CANADA

Chain of Custody Numbers:

GLOSSARY OF REPORT TERMS

Surrogate - A compound that is similar in behaviour to target analyte(s), but that does not occur naturally in environmental samples. For applicable tests, surrogates are added to samples prior to analysis as a check on recovery.

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram based on dry weight of sample.

mg/kg wwt - milligrams per kilogram based on wet weight of sample.

mg/kg lwt - milligrams per kilogram based on lipid-adjusted weight of sample.

mg/L - milligrams per litre.

< - Less than.

D.L. - The reported Detection Limit, also known as the Limit of Reporting (LOR).

N/A - Result not available. Refer to qualifier code and definition for explanation.

Test results reported relate only to the samples as received by the laboratory.

UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED, ALL SAMPLES WERE RECEIVED IN ACCEPTABLE CONDITION.

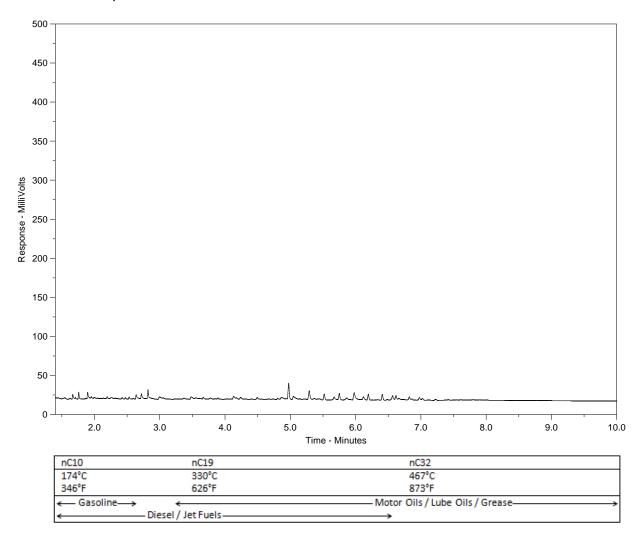
Analytical results in unsigned test reports with the DRAFT watermark are subject to change, pending final QC review.

VA



ALS Sample ID: L1046941-1

Client Sample ID: 1616-43_APPROVAL



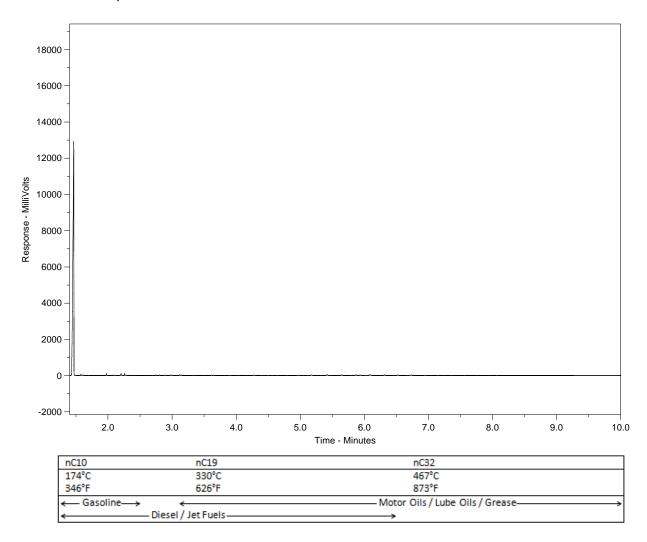
The EPH Hydrocarbon Distribution Report (HDR) is intended to assist you in characterizing hydrocarbon products that may be present in your sample. For further interpretation, a current library of reference products is available on www.alsglobal.com or upon request.

The scale at the bottom of the chromatogram indicates the approximate retention times of common petroleum products, and three n-alkane hydrocarbon marker compounds. Retention times may vary between samples by as much as 0.5 minutes.

Peak heights in this report are a function of the sample concentration, the sample amount extracted, the sample dilution factor, and the response scale at the left.



ALS Sample ID: L1046941-2 Client Sample ID: 1616-121



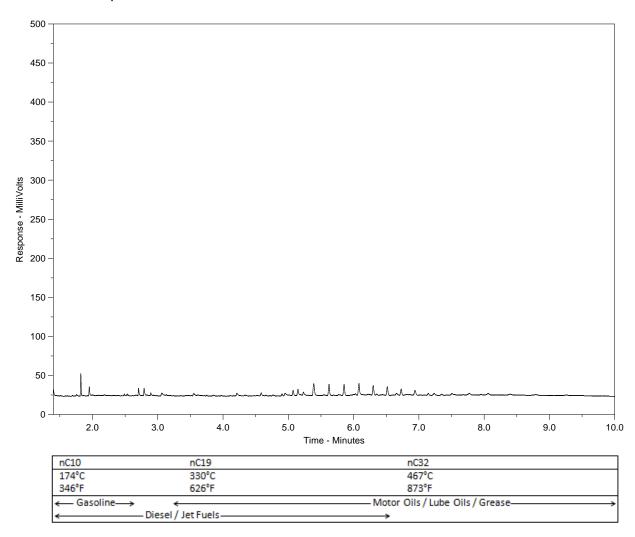
The EPH Hydrocarbon Distribution Report (HDR) is intended to assist you in characterizing hydrocarbon products that may be present in your sample. For further interpretation, a current library of reference products is available on www.alsglobal.com or upon request.

The scale at the bottom of the chromatogram indicates the approximate retention times of common petroleum products, and three n-alkane hydrocarbon marker compounds. Retention times may vary between samples by as much as 0.5 minutes.

Peak heights in this report are a function of the sample concentration, the sample amount extracted, the sample dilution factor, and the response scale at the left.



ALS Sample ID: L1046941-3 Client Sample ID: 1616-494



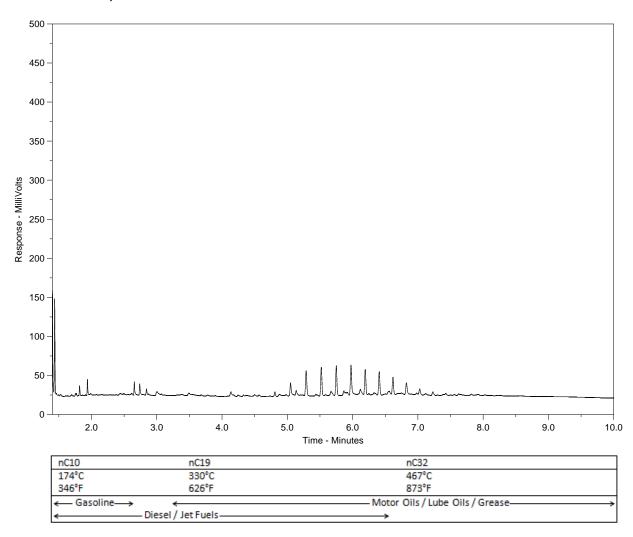
The EPH Hydrocarbon Distribution Report (HDR) is intended to assist you in characterizing hydrocarbon products that may be present in your sample. For further interpretation, a current library of reference products is available on www.alsglobal.com or upon request.

The scale at the bottom of the chromatogram indicates the approximate retention times of common petroleum products, and three n-alkane hydrocarbon marker compounds. Retention times may vary between samples by as much as 0.5 minutes.

Peak heights in this report are a function of the sample concentration, the sample amount extracted, the sample dilution factor, and the response scale at the left.



ALS Sample ID: L1046941-4 Client Sample ID: 1616-343



The EPH Hydrocarbon Distribution Report (HDR) is intended to assist you in characterizing hydrocarbon products that may be present in your sample. For further interpretation, a current library of reference products is available on www.alsglobal.com or upon request.

The scale at the bottom of the chromatogram indicates the approximate retention times of common petroleum products, and three n-alkane hydrocarbon marker compounds. Retention times may vary between samples by as much as 0.5 minutes.

Peak heights in this report are a function of the sample concentration, the sample amount extracted, the sample dilution factor, and the response scale at the left.

ALS Laboratory Group ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY & TESTING SERVICES



Form 68606



BHP Billiton Diamonds Inc.

1102 4920 52nd Street, Yellowknife, NT X1A 3T1

8081 Lougheed Highway • Suite 100 • Burnaby,

Tel: 604-253-4188 Toll Free: 1-800-665-0243 FAX: 604-253-6700

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM

BHP Contacts: David Bruce/ Richard EhlertDavid

Tel: 867-880-2157 Fax: 867-880-4012

| S Contact: Ca | Station ID | _ \ 0 \ \ | Time Init | As, Se By CCMS | ворз | втех | SNP-0013 Major Ions | SNP-0013 Physical Parameters SNP-0013 Nutrients | SNP-0013 Total Metals | Total Ammonia | Total Organic Carbon | TSS TPH | | | ! | : | İ | |
|---------------|--|--|--|----------------|---------|------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----|---|---|--|
| | 1616-43_Approval 1616-121 1616-494 1616-343 | Water 16-Aug-2011 Water 16-Aug-2011 Water 16-Aug-2011 Water 16-Aug-2011 | 10:50 AM DP 11 10:53 AM DP 11 10:54 AM DP 11 | 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 | 1111 | 11 11 11 11 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 11 11 | 111111111111111111111111111111111111111 | 1 1 1 1 | (1 B) (1 B) (1 B) | 1P20 1P20 1P20 1P20 | ************************************** |) | () () () () () () () () () () () () () (| | |
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| Turn around Required: Please Rush Results Analysis - 1 week turnaround Special Instructions (Billing details, QC reporting, etc): | Relinquished by: Relinquished by: | Date Time Date | Received by: | Date Time Date 429 18 |
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| Billing Code: BHP2001 | Cø∕oler seal in | FOR ntact upon receipt? No N/A Send Ana | LAB USE ONLY Sample tempurature upon rec Frozen? | Time P\$ |
| | compliance.team@bhpb | mitori.com, | | |



BHP BILLITON CANADA INC..

ATTN: David G. Bruce / Richard Ehlert David

1102 - 4920 52nd Street Yellowknife NT X1A 3T1 Date Received: 06-SEP-11

Report Date: 16-SEP-11 17:19 (MT)

Version: FINAL

Client Phone: 867-880-2157

Certificate of Analysis

Lab Work Order #: L1054854

Project P.O. #: BHP2001 Job Reference: 68638 C of C Numbers: 68638

Legal Site Desc: 6200801716

Can Dang

Senior Account Manager

[This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written authority of the Laboratory.]

ADDRESS: 8081 Lougheed Hwy, Suite 100, Burnaby, BC V5A 1W9 Canada | Phone: +1 604 253 4188 | Fax: +1 604 253 6700

ALS CANADA LTD Part of the ALS Group A Campbell Brothers Limited Company



L1054854 CONTD....
PAGE 2 of 6
16-SEP-11 17:19 (MT)

ALS ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYTICAL REPORT

Version: FINAL

| | Sample ID Description Sampled Date Sampled Time Client ID | L1054854-1 WATER 30-AUG-11 12:05 1616- 43_DISCHARGE | L1054854-2 WATER 30-AUG-11 12:10 1616-342 | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| Grouping | Analyte | | | | |
| WATER | | | | | |
| Physical Tests | Conductivity (uS/cm) | <mark>372</mark> | 373 | | |
| | Hardness (as CaCO3) (mg/L) | 153 | 151 | | |
| | pH (pH) | 7.69 | 7.71 | | |
| | Total Suspended Solids (mg/L) | 6.2 | <3.0 | | |
| | Turbidity (NTU) | 2.01 | 0.91 | | |
| Anions and Nutrients | Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3) (mg/L) | 33.3 | 33.1 | | |
| | Ammonia (as N) (mg/L) | 0.0217 | 0.0130 | | |
| | Chloride (CI) (mg/L) | 7.00 | 6.96 | | |
| | Nitrate and Nitrite (as N) (mg/L) | 0.567 | 0.560 | | |
| | Nitrate (as N) (mg/L) | 0.561 | 0.555 | | |
| | Nitrite (as N) (mg/L) | 0.0052 | 0.0055 | | |
| | Orthophosphate-Dissolved (as P) (mg/L) | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | | |
| | Phosphorus (P)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0130 | 0.0105 | | |
| | Sulfate (SO4) (mg/L) | 133 | 133 | | |
| Organic / Inorganic Carbor | Total Carbon (mg/L) | 11.7 | 11.8 | | |
| | Total Organic Carbon (mg/L) | 5.75 | 5.82 | | |
| Total Metals | Aluminum (Al)-Total (mg/L) | 0.148 | 0.0361 | | |
| | Antimony (Sb)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00020 | 0.00021 | | |
| | Arsenic (As)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00116 | 0.00109 | | |
| | Barium (Ba)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0254 | 0.0250 | | |
| | Beryllium (Be)-Total (mg/L) | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | | |
| | Bismuth (Bi)-Total (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| | Boron (B)-Total (mg/L) | 0.016 | 0.017 | | |
| | Cadmium (Cd)-Total (mg/L) | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | | |
| | Calcium (Ca)-Total (mg/L) | 22.3 | 21.7 | | |
| | Chromium (Cr)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00066 | <0.00050 | | |
| | Cobalt (Co)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00029 | 0.00024 | | |
| | Copper (Cu)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00093 | 0.00377 | | |
| | Iron (Fe)-Total (mg/L) | 0.272 | 0.155 | | |
| | Lead (Pb)-Total (mg/L) | 0.000054 | 0.000222 | | |
| | Lithium (Li)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0124 | 0.0123 | | |
| | Magnesium (Mg)-Total (mg/L) | 23.6 | 23.6 | | |
| | Manganese (Mn)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0156 | 0.0142 | | |
| | Molybdenum (Mo)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0204 | 0.0211 | | |
| | Nickel (Ni)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00534 | 0.00513 | | |
| | Potassium (K)-Total (mg/L) | 11.9 | 11.4 | | |

^{*} Please refer to the Reference Information section for an explanation of any qualifiers detected.

L1054854 CONTD....

PAGE 3 of 6

16-SEP-11 17:19 (MT)

ALS ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYTICAL REPORT

Version: FINAL

| | Sample ID Description Sampled Date Sampled Time Client ID | L1054854-1 WATER 30-AUG-11 12:05 1616- 43_DISCHARGE | L1054854-2 WATER 30-AUG-11 12:10 1616-342 | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| Grouping | Analyte | | | | |
| WATER | | | | | |
| Total Metals | Selenium (Se)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00053 | 0.00056 | | |
| | Silicon (Si)-Total (mg/L) | 0.930 | 0.708 | | |
| | Silver (Ag)-Total (mg/L) | <0.000010 | <0.00010 | | |
| | Sodium (Na)-Total (mg/L) | 7.7 | 7.6 | | |
| | Strontium (Sr)-Total (mg/L) | 0.248 | 0.253 | | |
| | Thallium (TI)-Total (mg/L) | <0.000010 | <0.000010 | | |
| | Tin (Sn)-Total (mg/L) | <0.00010 | 0.00028 | | |
| | Titanium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) | 0.013 | <0.010 | | |
| | Uranium (U)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00498 | 0.00513 | | |
| | Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | | |
| | Zinc (Zn)-Total (mg/L) | <0.0030 | <0.0030 | | |
| Aggregate Organics | Oil and Grease (mg/L) | <5.0 | <5.0 | | |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | Benzene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| | Ethylbenzene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| | Styrene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| | Toluene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| | ortho-Xylene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| | meta- & para-Xylene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | | |
| | Xylenes (mg/L) | <0.00075 | <0.00075 | | |
| | Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS) (%) | 98 | 100 | | |
| | Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) | 100 | 100 | | |
| Hydrocarbons | TVH (C5-C10) (mg/L) | <0.10 | <0.10 | | |
| | TEH10-30 (mg/L) | <0.15 | <0.15 | | |
| | TPH5-30 (mg/L) | <0.25 | <0.25 | | |
| Glycols | Diethylene Glycol (mg/L) | <5.0 | <5.0 | | |
| | Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) | <5.0 | <5.0 | | |
| | 1,2-Propylene Glycol (mg/L) | <5.0 | <5.0 | | |
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^{*} Please refer to the Reference Information section for an explanation of any qualifiers detected.

L1054854 CONTD.... PAGE 4 of 6

PAGE 4 of 6 16-SEP-11 17:19 (MT) Version: FINAL

Reference Information

QC Samples with Qualifiers & Comments:

| QC Type Description | Parameter | Qualifier | Applies to Sample Number(s) | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--|
| Laboratory Control Sample | 1,2-Propylene Glycol | LCS-ND | L1054854-1, -2 | |
| Laboratory Control Sample | Diethylene Glycol | LCS-ND | L1054854-1, -2 | |
| Laboratory Control Sample | Ethylene Glycol | LCS-ND | L1054854-1, -2 | |
| Method Blank | Barium (Ba)-Total | MB-LOR | L1054854-1, -2 | |

Qualifiers for Individual Parameters Listed:

| Qualifier | Description |
|------------------|--|
| LCS-ND MB-LOR | Lab Control Sample recovery was slightly outside ALS DQO. Reported non-detect results for associated samples were unaffected. Method Blank exceeds ALS DQO. LORs adjusted for samples with positive hits below 5 times blank level. Please contact ALS if reanalysis is required. |

Test Method References:

| ALS Test Code | Matrix | Test Description | Method Reference** | |
|---------------|--------|---|--------------------|--|
| ALK-COL-VA | Water | Alkalinity by Colourimetric (Automated) | APHA 310.2 | |

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 310.2 "Alkalinity". Total Alkalinity is determined using the methyl orange colourimetric method.

ANIONS-CL-IC-VA Water Chloride by Ion Chromatography APHA 4110 B

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4110 B. "Ion Chromatography with Chemical Suppression of Eluent Conductivity" and EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography".

ANIONS-N+N-CALC-VA Water Nitrite & Nitrate in Water (Calculation) EPA 300.0

Nitrate and Nitrite (as N) is a calculated parameter. Nitrate and Nitrite (as N) = Nitrite (as N) + Nitrate (as N).

ANIONS-NO2-IC-VA Water Nitrite in Water by Ion Chromatography EPA 300.0

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography". Nitrite is detected by UV absorbance.

ANIONS-NO3-IC-VA Water Nitrate in Water by Ion Chromatography EPA 300.0

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography". Nitrate is detected by UV absorbance.

ANIONS-SO4-IC-VA Water Sulfate by Ion Chromatography APHA 4110 B.

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4110 B. "Ion Chromatography with Chemical Suppression of Eluent Conductivity" and EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography".

AS-T-CCMS-VA Water Total Arsenic in Water by CRC ICPMS APHA 3030 B&E / EPA SW-846 6020A

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using hotblock, or filtration (APHA 3030B&E). Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020A).

CARBONS-TC-VA Water Total carbon by combustion APHA 5310 TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5310 "Total Organic Carbon (TOC)".

CARBONS-TOC-VA Water Total organic carbon by combustion APHA 5310 TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5310 "Total Organic Carbon (TOC)".

EC-PCT-VA Water Conductivity (Automated) APHA 2510 Auto. Conduct.

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2510 "Conductivity". Conductivity is determined using a conductivity

electrode.

EPH-LL-SF-FID-VA Water EPH in Waters by GCFID BCMOE EPH GCFID

This analysis is carried out in accordance with the British Columbia Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks (BCMELP) Analytical Method for Contaminated Sites "Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Water by GC/FID" (Version 2.1, July 1999). The procedure involves extraction of the entire water sample with dichloromethane. The extract is then solvent exchanged to toluene and analysed by capillary column gas chromatography with flame ionization detection (GC/FID). EPH results include Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) and are therefore not equivalent to Light and Heavy Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (LEPH/HEPH).

GLY-WAT-FID-VA Water Glycols in Water by GCFID SW-846, METHOD 8015B, EPA

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846, Method 8015B, published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedure involves treatment of the sample with a strong base (NaOH) and benzoyl chloride to form the corresponding benzoate esters. The benzoate esters are then extracted with iso-octane and the extract is analyzed by capillary column gas chromatography with flame ionization detection (FID).

HARDNESS-CALC-VA Water Hardness APHA 2340B

L1054854 CONTD....

PAGE 5 of 6

16-SEP-11 17:19 (MT)

Version: FINAL

Hardness (also known as Total Hardness) is calculated from the sum of Calcium and Magnesium concentrations, expressed in CaCO3 equivalents. Dissolved Calcium and Magnesium concentrations are preferentially used for the hardness calculation.

MET-T-CCMS-VA

Water

Total Metals in Water by CRC ICPMS

APHA 3030 B&E / EPA SW-846 6020A

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using hotblock, or filtration (APHA 3030B&E). Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020A).

MET-TOT-ICP-VA

Water

Total Metals in Water by ICPOES

EPA SW-846 3005A/6010B

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using either hotblock or microwave oven (EPA Method 3005A). Instrumental analysis is by inductively coupled plasma - optical emission spectrophotometry (EPA Method 6010B).

NH3-F-VA

Water

Ammonia in Water by Fluorescence

J. ENVIRON. MONIT., 2005, 7, 37-42, RSC

This analysis is carried out, on sulfuric acid preserved samples, using procedures modified from J. Environ. Monit., 2005, 7, 37 - 42, The Royal Society of Chemistry, "Flow-injection analysis with fluorescence detection for the determination of trace levels of ammonium in seawater", Roslyn J. Waston et al.

OGG-SF-VA

Water

Oil & Grease by Gravimetric

BCMOE (2010), EPA1664A

The procedure involves an extraction of the entire water sample with hexane. This extract is then evaporated to dryness, and the residue weighed to determine Oil and Grease.

P-T-COL-VA

Water

Total P in Water by Colour

APHA 4500-P Phosphorous

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P "Phosphorus". Total Phosphorous is determined colourimetrically after persulphate digestion of the sample.

PH-PCT-VA

Water

pH by Meter (Automated)

APHA 4500-H "pH Value"

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-H "pH Value". The pH is determined in the laboratory using a pH electrode

It is recommended that this analysis be conducted in the field.

PH-PCT-VA

Water

pH by Meter (Automated)

APHA 4500-H pH Value

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-H "pH Value". The pH is determined in the laboratory using a pH electrode

It is recommended that this analysis be conducted in the field.

PO4-DO-COL-VA

Water

Diss. Orthophosphate in Water by Colour

APHA 4500-P Phosphorous

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P "Phosphorus". Dissolved Orthophosphate is determined colourimetrically on a sample that has been lab or field filtered through a 0.45 micron membrane filter.

SE-T-CCMS-VA

Water

Total Selenium in Water by CRC ICPMS

APHA 3030 B&E / EPA SW-846 6020A

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using hotblock, or filtration (APHA 3030B&E). Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020A).

TSS-VA

Water

Total Suspended Solids by Gravimetric

APHA 2540 D - GRAVIMETRIC

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2540 "Solids". Solids are determined gravimetrically. Total Suspended Solids (TSS) are determined by filtering a sample through a glass fibre filter, TSS is determined by drying the filter at 104 degrees celsius.

TURBIDITY-VA

Water

Turbidity by Meter

APHA 2130 "Turbidity"

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2130 "Turbidity". Turbidity is determined by the nephelometric method.

TURBIDITY-VA Water Turbidity by Meter APHA 2130 Turbidity

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2130 "Turbidity". Turbidity is determined by the nephelometric method.

TVH-HSFID-VA

Water

TVH by headspace GCFID

EPA 8260B, BCMELP CSR METHOD

This procedure involves the headspace extraction of the sample prior to analysis for Volatile Hydrocarbons (VH) by capillary column gas chromatography with flame-ionization detection (GC/FID). The VH analysis is carried out in accordance with the British Columbia Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks (BCMELP) Analytical Method for Contaminated Sites "Volatile Hydrocarbons in Water by GC/FID" (Version 2.1, July 1999).

VOC7-HSMS-VA

Water

BTEX/MTBE/Styrene by Headspace GCMS

EPA8260B, 5021

The water sample, with added reagents, is heated in a sealed vial to equilibrium. The headspace from the vial is transfered into a gas chromatograph.

L1054854 CONTD....

PAGE 6 of 6

16-SEP-11 17:19 (MT)

Version: FINAL

Target compound concentrations are measured using mass spectrometry detection.

VOC7/VOC-SURR-MS-VAWaterVOC7 and/or VOC Surrogates for WatersEPA8260B, 5021XYLENES-CALC-VAWaterSum of Xylene Isomer ConcentrationsCALCULATION

Calculation of Total Xylenes

Total Xylenes is the sum of the concentrations of the ortho, meta, and para Xylene isomers. Results below detection limit (DL) are treated as zero. The DL for Total Xylenes is set to a value no less than the square root of the sum of the squares of the DLs of the individual Xylenes.

** ALS test methods may incorporate modifications from specified reference methods to improve performance.

The last two letters of the above test code(s) indicate the laboratory that performed analytical analysis for that test. Refer to the list below:

 Laboratory Definition Code
 Laboratory Location

 VA
 ALS ENVIRONMENTAL - VANCOUVER, BC, CANADA

Chain of Custody Numbers:

68638

GLOSSARY OF REPORT TERMS

Surrogate - A compound that is similar in behaviour to target analyte(s), but that does not occur naturally in environmental samples. For applicable tests, surrogates are added to samples prior to analysis as a check on recovery.

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram based on dry weight of sample.

mg/kg wwt - milligrams per kilogram based on wet weight of sample.

mg/kg lwt - milligrams per kilogram based on lipid-adjusted weight of sample.

mg/L - milligrams per litre.

< - Less than.

D.L. - The reported Detection Limit, also known as the Limit of Reporting (LOR).

N/A - Result not available. Refer to qualifier code and definition for explanation.

Test results reported relate only to the samples as received by the laboratory.

UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED, ALL SAMPLES WERE RECEIVED IN ACCEPTABLE CONDITION.

Analytical results in unsigned test reports with the DRAFT watermark are subject to change, pending final QC review.

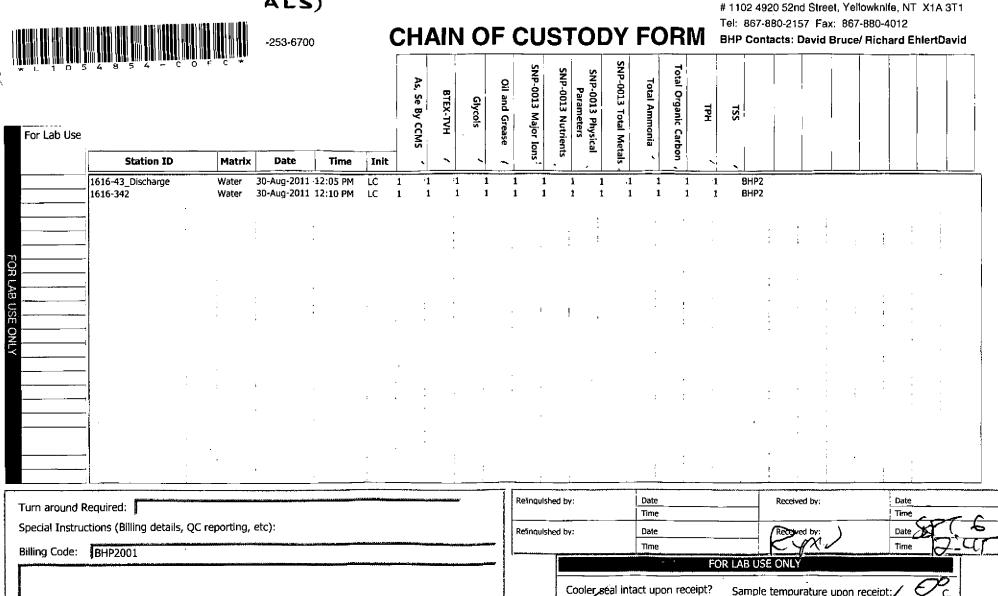
ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY & TESTING SERVICES



Form 68638

BHP Billiton Diamonds Inc.

bhpbilliton



L1054854

Sample tempurature upon receipt: ☐ N/A Yes ☐ No ___ Yes Frozen? Send Analytical Results to:

compliance.team@bhpbilliton.com;



BHP BILLITON CANADA INC..

ATTN: David G. Bruce / Richard Ehlert David

1102 - 4920 52nd Street Yellowknife NT X1A 3T1 Date Received: 14-SEP-11

Report Date: 29-SEP-11 18:40 (MT)

Version: FINAL

Client Phone: 867-880-2157

Certificate of Analysis

 Lab Work Order #:
 L1058120

 Project P.O. #:
 BHP2001

 Job Reference:
 68659

 C of C Numbers:
 68659

 Legal Site Desc:
 6200801716

Can Dang

Senior Account Manager

[This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written authority of the Laboratory.]

ADDRESS: 8081 Lougheed Hwy, Suite 100, Burnaby, BC V5A 1W9 Canada | Phone: +1 604 253 4188 | Fax: +1 604 253 6700 ALS CANADA LTD Part of the ALS Group A Campbell Brothers Limited Company



L1058120 CONTD....
PAGE 2 of 6
29-SEP-11 18:40 (MT)

ALS ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYTICAL REPORT

Version: FINAL

| | Sample ID Description Sampled Date Sampled Time Client ID | L1058120-1 WATER 10-SEP-11 15:30 1616- 43_DISCHARGE | |
|-------------------------|---|--|---|
| Grouping | Analyte | | Ì |
| WATER | | | |
| Physical Tests | Conductivity (uS/cm) | 400 | |
| | Hardness (as CaCO3) (mg/L) | 166 | |
| | рН (рН) | 7.83 | |
| | Total Suspended Solids (mg/L) | <3.0 | |
| | Turbidity (NTU) | 0.88 | |
| Anions and Nutrients | Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3) (mg/L) | 33.9 | |
| | Ammonia (as N) (mg/L) | 0.0105 | |
| | Chloride (CI) (mg/L) | 7.71 | |
| | Nitrate and Nitrite (as N) (mg/L) | 0.605 | |
| | Nitrate (as N) (mg/L) | 0.601 | |
| | Nitrite (as N) (mg/L) | 0.0036 | |
| | Orthophosphate-Dissolved (as P) (mg/L) | <0.0010 | |
| | Phosphorus (P)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0083 | |
| | Sulfate (SO4) (mg/L) | 145 | |
| Organic / | Total Carbon (mg/L) | 11.2 | |
| Inorganic Carbor | Total Organic Carbon (mg/L) | | |
| Total Metals | Aluminum (Al)-Total (mg/L) | 5.27 | |
| Total Metals | Antimony (Sb)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0291 | |
| | Arsenic (As)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00022 | |
| | Barium (Ba)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00113 | |
| | Beryllium (Be)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0250 | |
| | Bismuth (Bi)-Total (mg/L) | <0.00010 | |
| | Boron (B)-Total (mg/L) | <0.00050 | |
| | Cadmium (Cd)-Total (mg/L) | 0.018 | |
| | Calcium (Ca)-Total (mg/L) | 0.000011 | |
| | Calcium (Ca)-Total (mg/L) Chromium (Cr)-Total (mg/L) | 23.8 | |
| | , | <0.00050 | |
| | Cobalt (Co)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00020 | |
| | Copper (Cu)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00250 | |
| | Iron (Fe)-Total (mg/L) | 0.141 | |
| | Lead (Pb)-Total (mg/L) | 0.000145 | |
| | Lithium (Li)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0102 | |
| | Magnesium (Mg)-Total (mg/L) | 26.0 | |
| | Manganese (Mn)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0171 | |
| | Molybdenum (Mo)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0216 | |
| | Nickel (Ni)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00518 | |
| | Potassium (K)-Total (mg/L) | 14.1 | |

^{*} Please refer to the Reference Information section for an explanation of any qualifiers detected.

L1058120 CONTD.... PAGE 3 of 6 29-SEP-11 18:40 (MT)

ALS ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYTICAL REPORT

Version: FINAL

| NATER Selenium (Se)-Total (mg/L) 0.00081 0.32 0.000010 Silicen (Si)-Total (mg/L) 0.32 0.000010 Sodium (Na)-Total (mg/L) 9.2 0.300010 Strontium (Sr)-Total (mg/L) 0.302 Thallium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) 0.00010 Tin (Sn)-Total (mg/L) 0.00010 Tin (Sn)-Total (mg/L) 0.00010 Tin (Sn)-Total (mg/L) 0.00010 Tin (Sn)-Total (mg/L) 0.00010 Tin (Jr)-Total (mg/L) 0.000476 Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) 0.00004 0.00000 Value (mg/L) 0.00000 Value (mg/L) 0.00000 Value (mg/L) 0.00000 Value (mg/L) 0.000000 Value (mg/L) 0.0000000 Value (mg/L) 0.000000 Value (mg/L) 0.0000000 Value (mg/L) 0.000000 Value (mg/L) 0.000000 Value (m | NATER Selenium (Se)-Total (mg/L) 0.00081 Silicon (Si)-Total (mg/L) 0.32 0.000010 Sodium (Na)-Total (mg/L) 0.32 0.000010 Sodium (Na)-Total (mg/L) 0.302 0.000010 0 | | Sample ID Description Sampled Date Sampled Time Client ID | L1058120-1 WATER 10-SEP-11 15:30 1616- 43_DISCHARGE | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Total Metals Selenium (Se)-Total (mg/L) 0.00081 0.32 Siliver (Ag)-Total (mg/L) 0.32 0.000010 Sodium (Na)-Total (mg/L) 9.2 0.3002 Thallium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) 0.0051 Tin (Sn)-Total (mg/L) 0.0051 Titanium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) 0.0051 Titanium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) 0.00476 Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) 0.00476 Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) 0.00476 Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) 0.000476 Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) 0.00050 Value (mg/L) 0.0 | Total Metals Selenium (Se)-Total (mg/L) 0.00081 0.32 Siliver (Ag)-Total (mg/L) 0.32 0.000010 Sodium (Na)-Total (mg/L) 9.2 0.3002 Thallium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) 0.0051 Tin (Sn)-Total (mg/L) 0.0051 Titanium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) 0.0051 Titanium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) 0.00476 Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) 0.00476 Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) 0.00476 Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) 0.000476 Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) 0.00050 Value (mg/L) 0.0 | Grouping | Analyte | | | |
| Silicon (Si)-Total (mg/L) | Silicon (Si)-Total (mg/L) | WATER | | | | |
| Silicon (Si)-Total (mg/L) | Silicon (Si)-Total (mg/L) | Total Metals | Selenium (Se)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00081 | | |
| Silver (Ag)-Total (mg/L) | Silver (Ag)-Total (mg/L) | | Silicon (Si)-Total (mg/L) | | | |
| Sodium (Na)-Total (mg/L) 9,2 0.302 | Sodium (Na)-Total (mg/L) 9,2 0.302 | | Silver (Ag)-Total (mg/L) | | | |
| Strontium (Sr)-Total (mg/L) | Strontium (Sr)-Total (mg/L) | | Sodium (Na)-Total (mg/L) | | | |
| Tin (Sn)-Total (mg/L) Titanium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) Uranium (U)-Total (mg/L) Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) Zinc (Zn)-Total (mg/L) Aggregate Organics Volatile Organic Compounds Benzene (mg/L) Styrene (mg/L) Toluene (mg/L) Ortho-Xylene (mg/L) Aylenes (mg/L) Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS) (%) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) TPH5-30 (mg/L) TPH5-30 (mg/L) TPH5-30 (mg/L) Stylene Glycol (mg/L) TPH5-30 (mg/L) Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) Styrene (mg/L) Surlogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS) (%) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) TPH5-30 (mg/L) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) | Tin (Sn)-Total (mg/L) Titanium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) Uranium (U)-Total (mg/L) Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) Zinc (Zn)-Total (mg/L) Aggregate Organics Volatile Organic Compounds Benzene (mg/L) Styrene (mg/L) Toluene (mg/L) Ortho-Xylene (mg/L) Aylenes (mg/L) Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS) (%) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) TPH5-30 (mg/L) TPH5-30 (mg/L) TPH5-30 (mg/L) Stylene Glycol (mg/L) TPH5-30 (mg/L) Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) Styrene (mg/L) Surlogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS) (%) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) TPH5-30 (mg/L) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) | | Strontium (Sr)-Total (mg/L) | | | |
| Titanium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) | Titanium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) | | Thallium (TI)-Total (mg/L) | <0.000010 | | |
| Uranium (U)-Total (mg/L) 0.00476 Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) <0.0010 | Uranium (U)-Total (mg/L) 0.00476 Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) <0.0010 | | Tin (Sn)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0351 | | |
| Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) <0.0010 | Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) <0.0010 | | Titanium (Ti)-Total (mg/L) | <0.020 | | |
| Zinc (Zn)-Total (mg/L) | Zinc (Zn)-Total (mg/L) | | Uranium (U)-Total (mg/L) | 0.00476 | | |
| Zinc (Zn)-Total (mg/L) | Zinc (Zn)-Total (mg/L) | | Vanadium (V)-Total (mg/L) | <0.0010 | | |
| Organics Senzene (mg/L) <0.00050 Compounds Ethylbenzene (mg/L) <0.00050 | Organics Senzene (mg/L) <0.00050 Compounds Ethylbenzene (mg/L) <0.00050 | | Zinc (Zn)-Total (mg/L) | 0.0034 | | |
| Volatile Organic Compounds Ethylbenzene (mg/L) | Volatile Organic Compounds Ethylbenzene (mg/L) | Aggregate Organics | Oil and Grease (mg/L) | <5.0 | | |
| Styrene (mg/L) | Styrene (mg/L) | Volatile Organic | Benzene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | | |
| Toluene (mg/L) | Toluene (mg/L) | | Ethylbenzene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | | |
| ortho-Xylene (mg/L) | ortho-Xylene (mg/L) | | Styrene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | | |
| meta- & para-Xylene (mg/L) <0.00050 | meta- & para-Xylene (mg/L) <0.00050 | | Toluene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | | |
| Xylenes (mg/L) | Xylenes (mg/L) | | ortho-Xylene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | | |
| Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS) (%) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) Hydrocarbons TVH (C5-C10) (mg/L) TEH10-30 (mg/L) TPH5-30 (mg/L) Clycols Diethylene Glycol (mg/L) Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS) (%) 95 99 <0.10 <0.15 <0.25 <5.0 Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) <5.0 <5.0 | Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS) (%) Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) Hydrocarbons TVH (C5-C10) (mg/L) TEH10-30 (mg/L) TPH5-30 (mg/L) Clycols Diethylene Glycol (mg/L) Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS) (%) 95 99 <0.10 <0.15 <0.25 <5.0 Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) <5.0 <5.0 | | meta- & para-Xylene (mg/L) | <0.00050 | | |
| Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) 99 | Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) 99 | | Xylenes (mg/L) | <0.00075 | | |
| TVH (C5-C10) (mg/L) | TVH (C5-C10) (mg/L) | | Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS) (%) | 95 | | |
| TEH10-30 (mg/L) | TEH10-30 (mg/L) | | Surrogate: 1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS) (%) | 99 | | |
| TPH5-30 (mg/L) Glycols Diethylene Glycol (mg/L) Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) 5.0 <5.0 | TPH5-30 (mg/L) Glycols Diethylene Glycol (mg/L) Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) <5.0 <5.0 | Hydrocarbons | TVH (C5-C10) (mg/L) | <0.10 | | |
| Glycols Diethylene Glycol (mg/L) <5.0 Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) <5.0 | Glycols Diethylene Glycol (mg/L) <5.0 Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) <5.0 | | TEH10-30 (mg/L) | <0.15 | | |
| Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) <5.0 | Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) <5.0 | | TPH5-30 (mg/L) | <0.25 | | |
| | | Glycols | Diethylene Glycol (mg/L) | <5.0 | | |
| 1,2-Propylene Glycol (mg/L) <5.0 | 1,2-Propylene Glycol (mg/L) <5.0 | | Ethylene Glycol (mg/L) | <5.0 | | |
| | | | 1,2-Propylene Glycol (mg/L) | <5.0 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

^{*} Please refer to the Reference Information section for an explanation of any qualifiers detected.

L1058120 CONTD.... PAGE 4 of 6 29-SEP-11 18:40 (MT)

FINΔI

Version:

Reference Information ²

QC Samples with Qualifiers & Comments:

| QC Type Description | Parameter | Qualifier | Applies to Sample Number(s) | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--|
| Laboratory Control Sample | Diethylene Glycol | LCS-H | L1058120-1 | |
| Matrix Spike | Nitrate (as N) | MS-B | L1058120-1 | |
| Matrix Spike | Total Organic Carbon | MS-B | L1058120-1 | |

Qualifiers for Individual Parameters Listed:

| Qualifier | Description |
|-----------|--|
| LCS-H | Lab Control Sample recovery was above ALS DQO. Non-detected sample results are considered reliable. Other results, if reported, have been qualified. |
| MS-B | Matrix Spike recovery could not be accurately calculated due to high analyte background in sample. |

Test Method References:

| ALS Test Code | Matrix Test Description | | Method Reference** | | |
|---------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------|--|--|
| ALK-COL-VA | Water | Alkalinity by Colourimetric (Automated) | APHA 310.2 | | |

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 310.2 "Alkalinity". Total Alkalinity is determined using the methyl orange colourimetric method.

ANIONS-CL-IC-VA Water Chloride by Ion Chromatography APHA 4110 B.

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4110 B. "Ion Chromatography with Chemical Suppression of Eluent Conductivity" and EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography".

ANIONS-N+N-CALC-VA Water Nitrite & Nitrate in Water (Calculation) EPA 300.0

Nitrate and Nitrite (as N) is a calculated parameter. Nitrate and Nitrite (as N) = Nitrite (as N) + Nitrate (as N).

ANIONS-NO2-IC-VA Water Nitrite in Water by Ion Chromatography EPA 300.0

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography". Nitrite is detected by UV absorbance.

ANIONS-NO3-IC-VA Water Nitrate in Water by Ion Chromatography EPA 300.0

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography". Nitrate is detected by UV absorbance.

ANIONS-SO4-IC-VA Water Sulfate by Ion Chromatography APHA 4110 B.

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4110 B. "Ion Chromatography with Chemical Suppression of Eluent Conductivity" and EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography".

AS-T-CCMS-VA Water Total Arsenic in Water by CRC ICPMS APHA 3030 B&E / EPA SW-846 6020A

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using hotblock, or filtration (APHA 3030B&E). Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020A).

CARBONS-TC-VA Water Total carbon by combustion APHA 5310 TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5310 "Total Organic Carbon (TOC)".

CARBONS-TOC-VA Water Total organic carbon by combustion APHA 5310 TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5310 "Total Organic Carbon (TOC)".

EC-PCT-VA Water Conductivity (Automated) APHA 2510 Auto. Conduc.

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2510 "Conductivity". Conductivity is determined using a conductivity electrode.

EPH-LL-SF-FID-VA Water EPH in Waters by GCFID BCMOE EPH GCFID

This analysis is carried out in accordance with the British Columbia Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks (BCMELP) Analytical Method for Contaminated Sites "Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Water by GC/FID" (Version 2.1, July 1999). The procedure involves extraction of the entire water sample with dichloromethane. The extract is then solvent exchanged to toluene and analysed by capillary column gas chromatography with flame ionization detection (GC/FID). EPH results include Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) and are therefore not equivalent to Light and Heavy Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (LEPH/HEPH).

GLY-WAT-FID-VA Water Glycols in Water by GCFID SW-846, METHOD 8015B, EPA

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846, Method 8015B, published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedure involves treatment of the sample with a strong base (NaOH) and benzoyl chloride to form the corresponding benzoate esters. The benzoate esters are then extracted with iso-octane and the extract is analyzed by capillary column gas chromatography with flame ionization detection (FID).

HARDNESS-CALC-VA Water Hardness APHA 2340B

L1058120 CONTD....

PAGE 5 of 6

29-SEP-11 18:40 (MT)

Version: FINAL

Hardness (also known as Total Hardness) is calculated from the sum of Calcium and Magnesium concentrations, expressed in CaCO3 equivalents. Dissolved Calcium and Magnesium concentrations are preferentially used for the hardness calculation.

MET-T-CCMS-VA

Water

Total Metals in Water by CRC ICPMS

APHA 3030 B&E / EPA SW-846 6020A

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using hotblock, or filtration (APHA 3030B&E). Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020A).

MET-TOT-ICP-VA

Water

Total Metals in Water by ICPOES

EPA SW-846 3005A/6010B

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using either hotblock or microwave oven (EPA Method 3005A). Instrumental analysis is by inductively coupled plasma - optical emission spectrophotometry (EPA Method 6010B).

NH3-F-VA

Water

Ammonia in Water by Fluorescence

J. ENVIRON. MONIT., 2005, 7, 37-42, RSC

This analysis is carried out, on sulfuric acid preserved samples, using procedures modified from J. Environ. Monit., 2005, 7, 37 - 42, The Royal Society of Chemistry, "Flow-injection analysis with fluorescence detection for the determination of trace levels of ammonium in seawater", Roslyn J. Waston et al.

OGG-SF-VA

Water

Oil & Grease by Gravimetric

BCMOE (2010), EPA1664A

The procedure involves an extraction of the entire water sample with hexane. This extract is then evaporated to dryness, and the residue weighed to determine Oil and Grease.

P-T-COL-VA

Water

Total P in Water by Colour

APHA 4500-P Phosphorous

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P "Phosphorus". Total Phosphorous is determined colourimetrically after persulphate digestion of the sample.

PH-PCT-VA

Water

pH by Meter (Automated)

APHA 4500-H "pH Value"

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-H "pH Value". The pH is determined in the laboratory using a pH electrode

It is recommended that this analysis be conducted in the field.

PH-PCT-VA

Water

pH by Meter (Automated)

APHA 4500-H pH Value

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-H "pH Value". The pH is determined in the laboratory using a pH electrode

It is recommended that this analysis be conducted in the field.

PO4-DO-COL-VA

Water

Diss. Orthophosphate in Water by Colour

APHA 4500-P Phosphorous

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P "Phosphorus". Dissolved Orthophosphate is determined colourimetrically on a sample that has been lab or field filtered through a 0.45 micron membrane filter.

SE-T-CCMS-VA

Water

Total Selenium in Water by CRC ICPMS

APHA 3030 B&E / EPA SW-846 6020A

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using hotblock, or filtration (APHA 3030B&E). Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020A).

TSS-VA

Water

Total Suspended Solids by Gravimetric

APHA 2540 D - GRAVIMETRIC

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2540 "Solids". Solids are determined gravimetrically. Total Suspended Solids (TSS) are determined by filtering a sample through a glass fibre filter, TSS is determined by drying the filter at 104 degrees celsius.

TURBIDITY-VA

Water

Turbidity by Meter

APHA 2130 "Turbidity"

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2130 "Turbidity". Turbidity is determined by the nephelometric method.

TURBIDITY-VA

Water

Turbidity by Meter

APHA 2130 Turbidity

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2130 "Turbidity". Turbidity is determined by the nephelometric method.

TVH-HSFID-VA

Water

TVH by headspace GCFID

EPA 8260B, BCMELP CSR METHOD

This procedure involves the headspace extraction of the sample prior to analysis for Volatile Hydrocarbons (VH) by capillary column gas chromatography with flame-ionization detection (GC/FID). The VH analysis is carried out in accordance with the British Columbia Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks (BCMELP) Analytical Method for Contaminated Sites "Volatile Hydrocarbons in Water by GC/FID" (Version 2.1, July 1999).

VOC7-HSMS-VA

Water

BTEX/MTBE/Styrene by Headspace GCMS

EPA8260B, 5021

The water sample, with added reagents, is heated in a sealed vial to equilibrium. The headspace from the vial is transfered into a gas chromatograph.

L1058120 CONTD....

PAGE 6 of 6

29-SEP-11 18:40 (MT)

Version: FINAL

Target compound concentrations are measured using mass spectrometry detection.

VOC7/VOC-SURR-MS-VAWaterVOC7 and/or VOC Surrogates for WatersEPA8260B, 5021XYLENES-CALC-VAWaterSum of Xylene Isomer ConcentrationsCALCULATION

Calculation of Total Xylenes

Total Xylenes is the sum of the concentrations of the ortho, meta, and para Xylene isomers. Results below detection limit (DL) are treated as zero. The DL for Total Xylenes is set to a value no less than the square root of the sum of the squares of the DLs of the individual Xylenes.

** ALS test methods may incorporate modifications from specified reference methods to improve performance.

The last two letters of the above test code(s) indicate the laboratory that performed analytical analysis for that test. Refer to the list below:

 Laboratory Definition Code
 Laboratory Location

 VA
 ALS ENVIRONMENTAL - VANCOUVER, BC, CANADA

Chain of Custody Numbers:

68659

GLOSSARY OF REPORT TERMS

Surrogate - A compound that is similar in behaviour to target analyte(s), but that does not occur naturally in environmental samples. For applicable tests, surrogates are added to samples prior to analysis as a check on recovery.

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram based on dry weight of sample.

mg/kg wwt - milligrams per kilogram based on wet weight of sample.

mg/kg lwt - milligrams per kilogram based on lipid-adjusted weight of sample.

mg/L - milligrams per litre.

< - Less than.

D.L. - The reported Detection Limit, also known as the Limit of Reporting (LOR).

N/A - Result not available. Refer to qualifier code and definition for explanation.

Test results reported relate only to the samples as received by the laboratory.

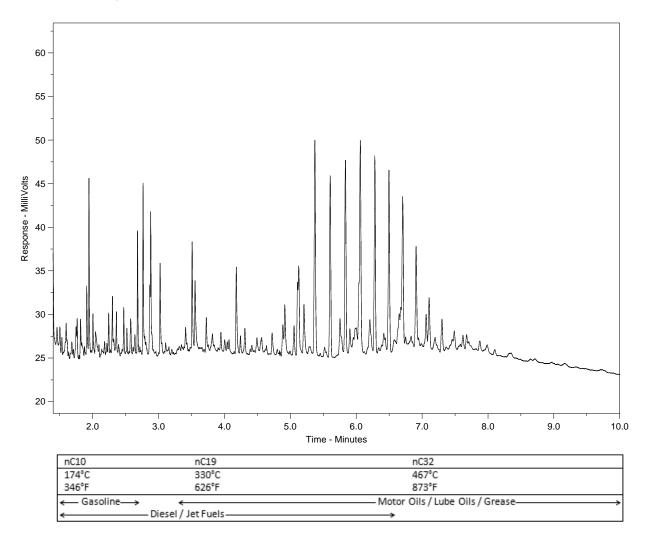
UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED, ALL SAMPLES WERE RECEIVED IN ACCEPTABLE CONDITION.

Analytical results in unsigned test reports with the DRAFT watermark are subject to change, pending final QC review.



ALS Sample ID: L1058120-1

Client Sample ID: 1616-43_DISCHARGE



The EPH Hydrocarbon Distribution Report (HDR) is intended to assist you in characterizing hydrocarbon products that may be present in your sample. For further interpretation, a current library of reference products is available on www.alsglobal.com or upon request.

The scale at the bottom of the chromatogram indicates the approximate retention times of common petroleum products, and three n-alkane hydrocarbon marker compounds. Retention times may vary between samples by as much as 0.5 minutes.

Peak heights in this report are a function of the sample concentration, the sample amount extracted, the sample dilution factor, and the response scale at the left.

ALS Laboratory Group

8081 Lougheed Highway • Suite 100 • Burnaby,

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY & TESTING SERVICES



SO# 46086

Form 68659



L105 8120

BHP Billiton Diamonds Inc.

1102 4920 52nd Street, Yellowknife, NT X1A 3T1

Tel: 867-880-2157 Fax: 867-880-4012

BHP Contacts: David Bruce/ Richard EhlertDavid

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM

Tel: 604-253-4188 Toll Free: 1-800-665-0243 FAX: 604-253-6700 ALS Contact: Can Dang Total Organic Carbon Se By CCMS For Lab Use **Station ID** Matrix Date Time Init 1616-43_Discharge Water 10-Sep-2011 03:30 PM LAB

| | · | | | |
|---|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Turn around Required: 1 week RUSH TAT please Special Instructions (Billing details, QC reporting, etc): Billing Code: BHP2001 | Relinquished by: | Date Time | Received by Received by: Received by: | Date Sept. (2) Time / 0 : //5 Date Time |
| |] | ntact upon receipt? No N/A Send A | Sample tempurature upor Frozen? | |